

**Format for National Health Mission (NHM) for submitting the Monthly Progress
Report to NITI Aayog**

Name of Union Territory: Daman & Diu

The Report as on 31st of October, 2018

Indicators	Units	UT Value	UT Comments	UT Data Source
Infant mortality rate	Number/ 1000 live births	12.2	3 death against 486 live births in the month of October, 2018	HMIS
Initiatives taken to reduce Infant Mortality below 10	Text		<p>FACILITY BASED APPROACH (CURATIVE APPROACH):</p> <p>(A) Low birth weight & Preterm birth:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Injection Corticosteroids to all ANC in Pre- term Labour (24-34 weeks). 2. Empirical Antibiotics to all ANCs and Pre-term Labour and to prevent sepsis. 3. Referral with proper detailed notes including time/ condition on admission, management. 4. To provide kangaroo Mother Care to all low birth weight babies. 5. Strengthening of HBNC. <p>(B) Sepsis/ Pneumonia:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Early onset of Sepsis: <ol style="list-style-type: none"> a. History of fever before 15 days to ANC- Antibiotic injection to all ANC with pre-term labour. b. Swab and culture before giving Antibiotic. 2. Late onset Sepsis: NICU: Strict protocol for Septic and Aseptic babies. And staff not to mix with each other. Infection control protocol to be followed prevent cross infection. 3. SBA & NSSK training immediately. 	DMHS

			<p>(C) Asphyxia:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Strict implementation of Partograph. 2. Early referral in case of obstructed labour. 3. Timely decision for LSCS for obstructed labour or contracted Pelvis. <p>(D) Congenital Anomalies:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Screening of new born at delivery point for birth defects. 2. Timely referral for surgeries and management of birth defects. 3. Implementation of new guidelines for screening. 4. Timely anomaly Scan during pregnancy. <p>(E) ALL INFANT DEATH REVIEW IN CO-ORDINATION WITH GYNECOLOGIST AND PAEDIATRICIANS ON WEEKLY BASIS.</p> <p>COMMUNITY BASED APPROACH (PREVENTABLE)</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Reduce Teenage Pregnancies from 4.5% to Nil. • Mothers who had at least 4 antenatal care visits to be achieved from 62.7% to 100%. • To increase Mothers who consumed iron folic acid tablets for 100 days or more from 38.3% to 100%. • Achieve Institutional Delivery to 100%. • Ensure that no home deliveries are conducted. • Reduce Out of Pocket expenditure through JSSK. 	
Under 5 mortality rate	Number/1000 live births	34		NFHS IV (2015-16)
Total fertility rate	Number (decimal points)	1.7		NFHS IV (2015-16)
Full immunization rate	%	101%		HMIS

Efforts taken to achieve 100% immunization	Text		<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1) Ensure up-to date entries in RCH portal & weekly update of all new born to get work plan for immunization. 2) Special mobile teams for high risk beneficiaries. 3) Monitoring & Follow up of partially immunized children. 4) All delivery staff is being sensitized for immunization at birth. 	DMHS
Treatment success rate of new microbiologically confirmed TB cases (RNTCP)	Number/ lakh population	67%	2 Patients referred	Nikshay TB Register
HIV/AIDS - Adult prevalence rate (%)	Number	0.17		DMHS
Govt. Doctor to Population Ratio	Ratio	1:3333		DMHS
Bed density (Govt. Hospitals)	Number	1 bed for 957 persons	500 Govt. beds / 10 lakh population as per NHM vision document (i.e. 2000/ beds, 1500 beds/ 10 lakhs population as per WHO recommendation)	DMHS
Number of cases of dengue	Number	60		DMHS
Number of deaths due to dengue	Number	00		DMHS
Proportion of persons diagnosed with hypertension	Number	118		MIS
Proportion of persons diagnosed with diabetes	Number	97		MIS
Vacancy rate of doctors in public health facilities	%	38%	The posts of Specialist & Medical officers are be filled by UPSC.	DMHS
Vacancy rate of nurses in public health facilities	%	10.8%		DMHS
No. of new nursing schools/ colleges. (Internal UT Report)	Number	1	One nursing college has been operationalised w.e.f. 15.11.2017 at Govt. Hospital Daman	DMHS
Proportion of persons diagnosed	Number	53.4% (63/118)		MIS

with Hypertension (Male)				
Proportion of persons diagnosed with Hypertension (Female)	Number	46.6% (55/118)		MIS
Proportion of persons diagnosed with Diabetes (Male)	Number	62.8% (61/97)		MIS
Proportion of persons diagnosed with Diabetes (Female)	Number	37.1% (36/97)		MIS
Proportion of Pregnant women tested for HIV against the target	%	62.51% 3751/6000	The last year target was 4200 and we have achieved 152%. However, this year the target is 6000 and we have received 55.08%.	DDSACS SIMS Reports
Remarks, if any				